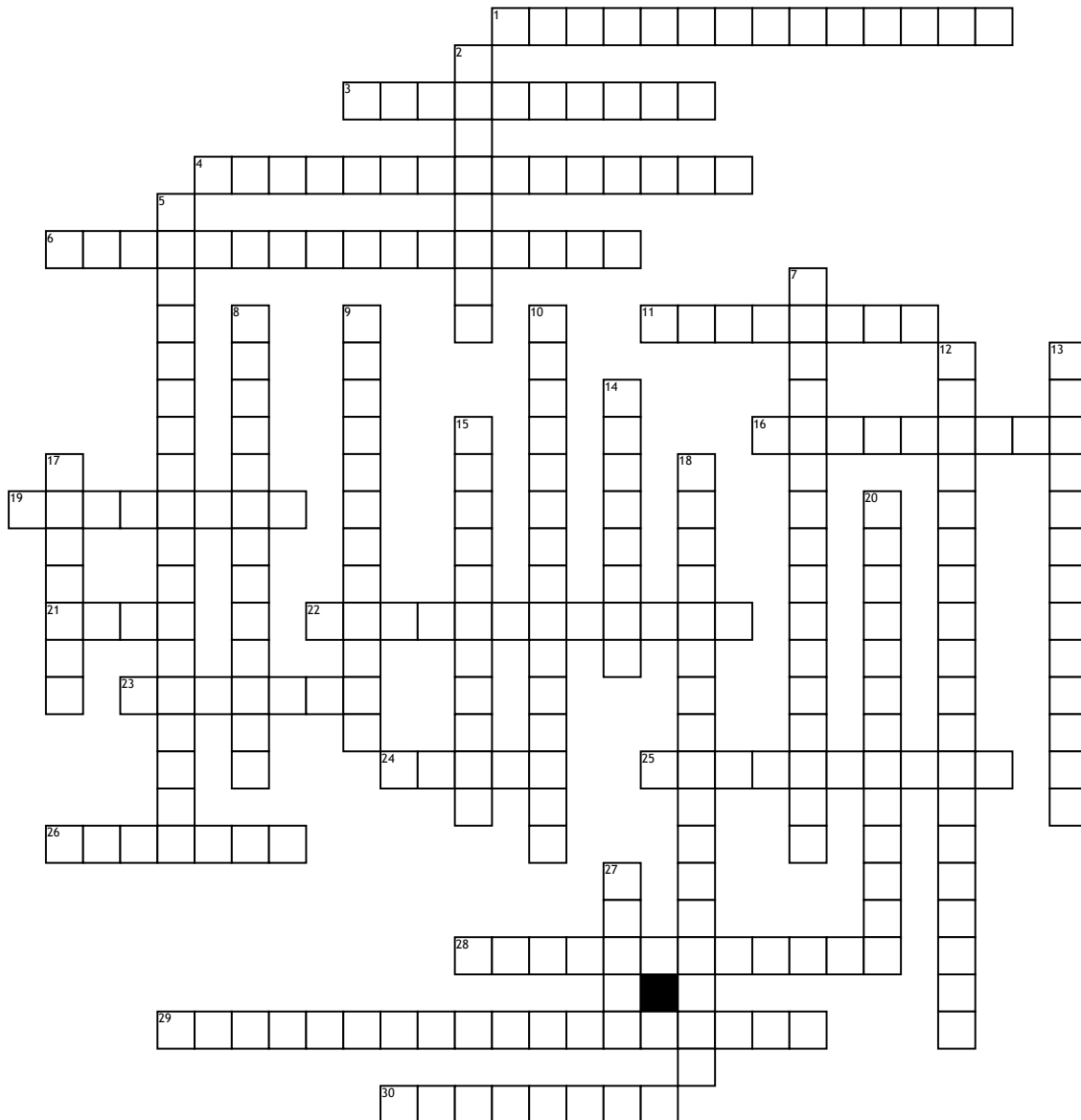


Chapter 5 Infection control: principles & practices



Across

1. They break down stubborn films and remove the residue of pedicure products such as scrubs, salts, and masks
3. Spherical bacteria that grow in pairs and cause diseases such as pneumonia
4. Producing a protective coating that allows them to withstand very harsh environments and shed the coating when conditions become more favorable
6. Contact with non-intact skin, blood, body fluid, or other potentially infectious material
11. Ability to produce an effect
16. Determination of the nature of a disease from its symptoms and diagnostic tests
19. Colonies of bacteria that adhere together and adhere to environmental surfaces
21. Disease that breaks down the body's immune system is called
22. Capable of destroying bacteria
23. Short, rod-shaped bacteria; most common bacteria and produce diseases such as tetanus, typhoid fever, tuberculosis, and diphtheria
24. Round-shaped bacteria that appear singly or in groups
25. Capable of destroying fungi
26. Reactions due to extreme sensitivity to certain foods, chemicals, or other normally harmless substances

28. Chemical process that destroy most, but not necessarily all, harmful organisms on environmental surfaces
29. Transmission of blood or body fluids through touching
30. Slender, hair-like extensions used by bacilli and spirilla for locomotion

Down

2. Mechanical process using soap and water or detergent and water to remove all visible dirt, debris, and many disease-causing germs
5. Typically from ingrown hairs due to shaving or other epilation methods
7. Immunity that the body develops after overcoming a disease, through inoculation or through exposure to natural allergens acquired
8. The presence or the reasonably anticipated presence, of blood or other potentially infectious materials
9. Showing no symptoms or signs of infection
10. The removal of blood and all other potentially infectious materials on an item's surface and the removal of visible debris or residue
12. Disease-causing microorganisms carried in the body by blood or body
13. Chemical products approved by the EPA designed to destroy most bacteria, fungi, and viruses on surfaces
14. One-celled microorganisms that have both plant and animal characteristics; some harmful, some harmless
15. Chemical germicide formulated for use on skin; FDA
17. Abnormal condition of all or part of the body, or it's systems or organs, which makes the body incapable of carrying on normal function
18. Disease that is spread from one person to another person; some of the more contagious diseases are the common cold, ringworm, conjunctivitis, and more
20. Division of bacteria cells into two new cells called daughter cells
27. Single-cell organisms that grow in irregular masses that include molds, mildews, and yeasts