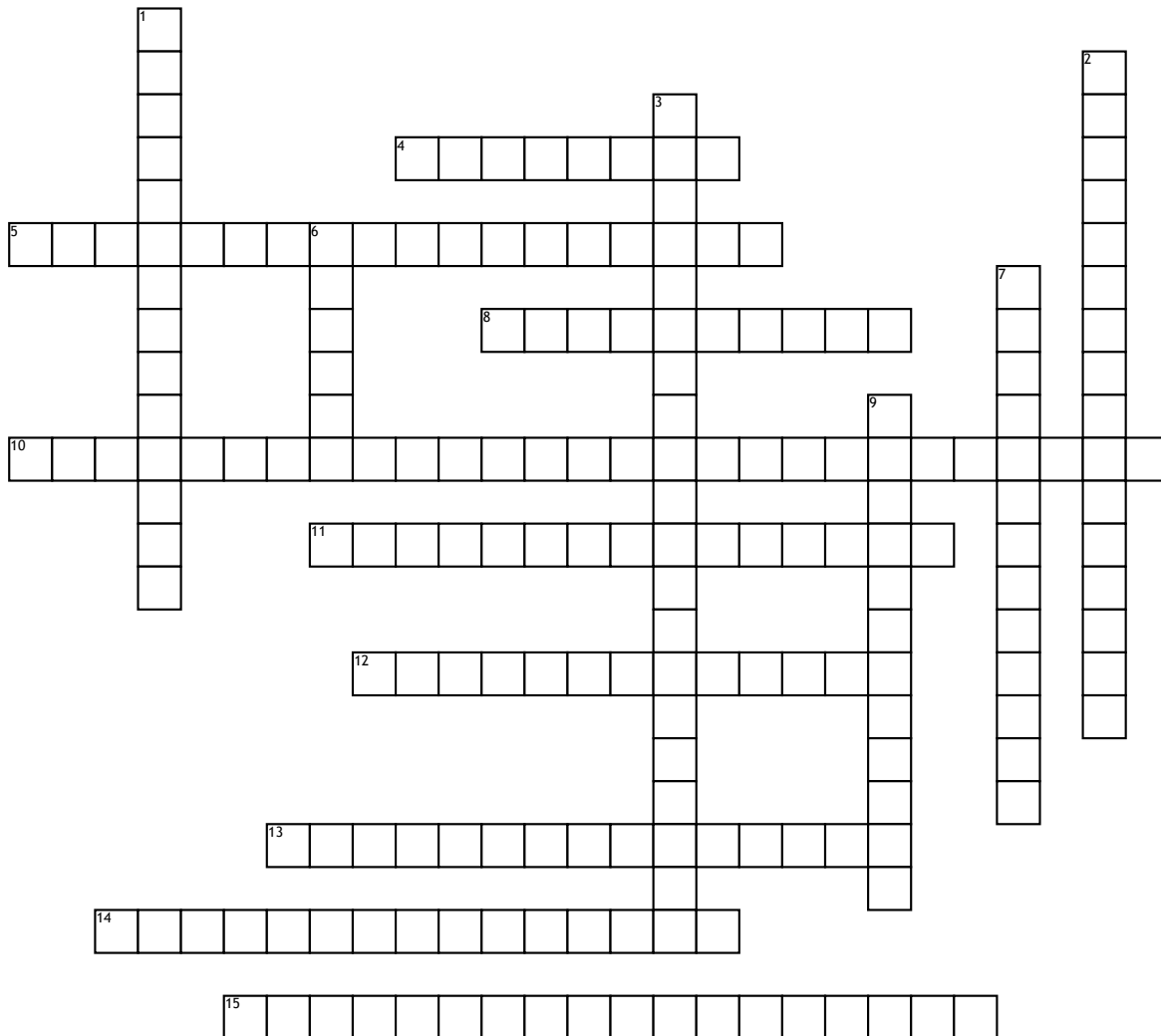


Chapter 3 colonies come of age



Across

4. One grown primarily for sale rather than for the farmers own use

5. The transfer of the British monarchy from James II to William and Mary in 1688-1689

8. The legislative body of England

10. Middlepassage

11. An English policy of relaxing the enforcement of regulations in its colonies in return for the colonies continued economic loyalty

12. An 18th century intellectual movement that emphasized the use of reason and the scientific method as means of obtaining knowledge

13. A veteran military officer from an aristocratic English family.

14. The transatlantic system of trade in which goods and people including slaves were exchanged between Africa England Europe the West Indies and the colonies in North America

15. A conflict in North America lasting from 1754 to 1763 that was apart of a world wide struggle between France and Britain during the 1730 and 1750s that ended up with the defeat of France and the transfer of French Canada to Britian

Down

1. A 1739 uprising of slaves in South Carolina leading to the tightening of already harsh slave laws

2. A series of laws restricting colonial trade

3. Within three years the land from southern Maine to New Jersey was united into one vast colony

6. People who were considered the property of others after to meet their labor needs with enslaved Native Americans and indentured servants

7. Because it was considered the middle leg of the transatlantic trade triangle

9. An economic system in which nations seek to increase their wealth and power by obtaining large amounts of gold and silver and by establishing a favorable balance of trade