

Name: _____ Date: _____

Changes in the West: The Indian Wars Recap

1. provided basic needs of Indians
 2. lured thousands of men west
 3. lead most Plains tribes to adopt a nomadic lifestyle
 4. Hunting, farming villages
 5. nomadic hunting, gathering
 6. one huge reservation
 7. attack on a peaceful village of Cheyenne and Arapaho Indians in the Colorado Territory; an estimated 100 Indians were killed
 8. 1868, agreement between the U.S. and the various tribes of the Wyoming Territory
 9. six years of raiding of US settlers and outposts by varying Indian tribes
 10. General Custer's defeat by the Sioux
 11. Hunkpapa Lakota leader
 12. process by which a person's or group's culture come to resemble those of another group
 13. authorized the President of the United States to survey American Indian tribal land and divide it into allotments for individual Indians.
 14. ritual to regain lost lands
 15. US Cavalry kill 300 unarmed Indians on the Dakota reservation
 16. location that serves as a market center or shipping point for cattle
 17. opened up settlement in the western United States,
 18. used to separate pastures on ranches
 19. herding of animals that lasted about three months
 20. a campaign for state control of railroads and grain elevators, especially in the north central states
- A. horse and gun
 - B. Treaty of Fort Laramie
 - C. buffalo
 - D. cow town
 - E. East
 - F. Great Plains
 - G. Dawes Act
 - H. barbed wire
 - I. Red River War
 - J. long drive
 - K. West
 - L. assimilation
 - M. California Gold Rush
 - N. Battle of Little Big Horn
 - O. Massacre at Sand Creek
 - P. Grange
 - Q. Battle of Wounded Knee
 - R. Ghost Dance
 - S. Sitting Bull
 - T. Homestead Act