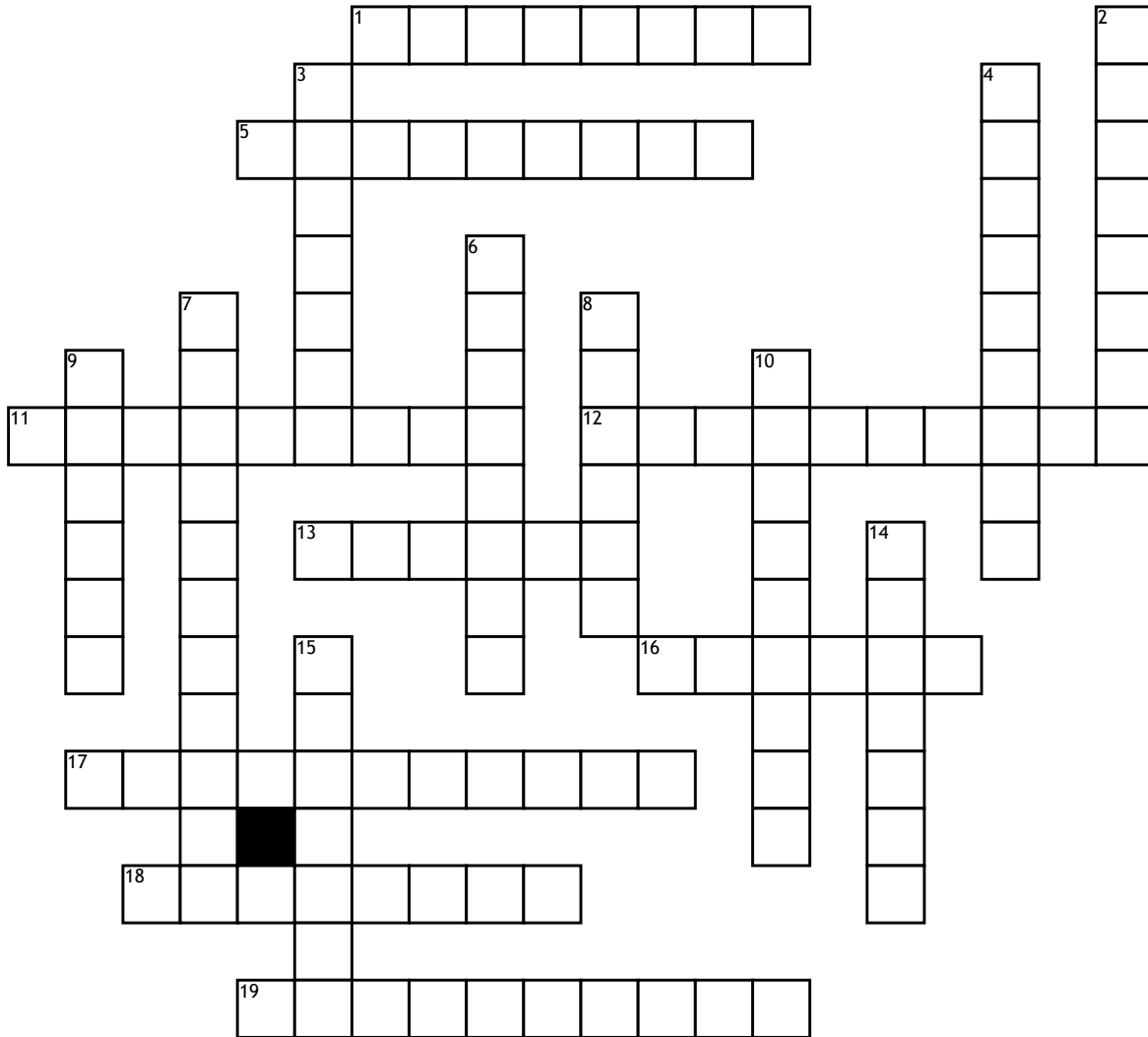


Cancer Terminology



Across

1. The larger of the two systems through which cancer cells might travel to other tissues
5. The broad term used to describe all cancers originating from epithelial tissues (these account for 80-90% of total cancers)
11. A term describing a new, autonomous growth of cells
12. Conversion of one cell type to another
13. A cancerous tumour which has not yet broken through the basement membrane
16. A generic term derived from the Latin word meaning 'crab' used to describe this medical condition
17. An abnormal increase in the number of cells of a tissue

18. The broad term used to describe all cancers originating in the lymphatic glands/nodes

19. An abnormal decrease in the number of cells of a tissue

Down

2. The broad term used to describe all cancers of the blood
3. The broad term used to describe all cancers originating from connective tissues such as bone, tendon, cartilage, muscle or fat
4. An ambiguous term used to describe the presence of abnormal cells within a tissue or organ, or a change in the phenotype of the tissue
6. A cancerous tumour which has broken through the basement membrane
7. An abnormal increase in the size of cells and tissues

8. A swelling or mass with no cellular structure and no known physiological purpose

9. A term used to describe a tumour which will not invade surrounding tissues or metastasize

10. A term used to describe a tumour with the potential to invade local tissues and metastasize

14. The broad term used to describe all cancers originating from bone marrow plasma cells

15. A decrease in cell and/or tissue size