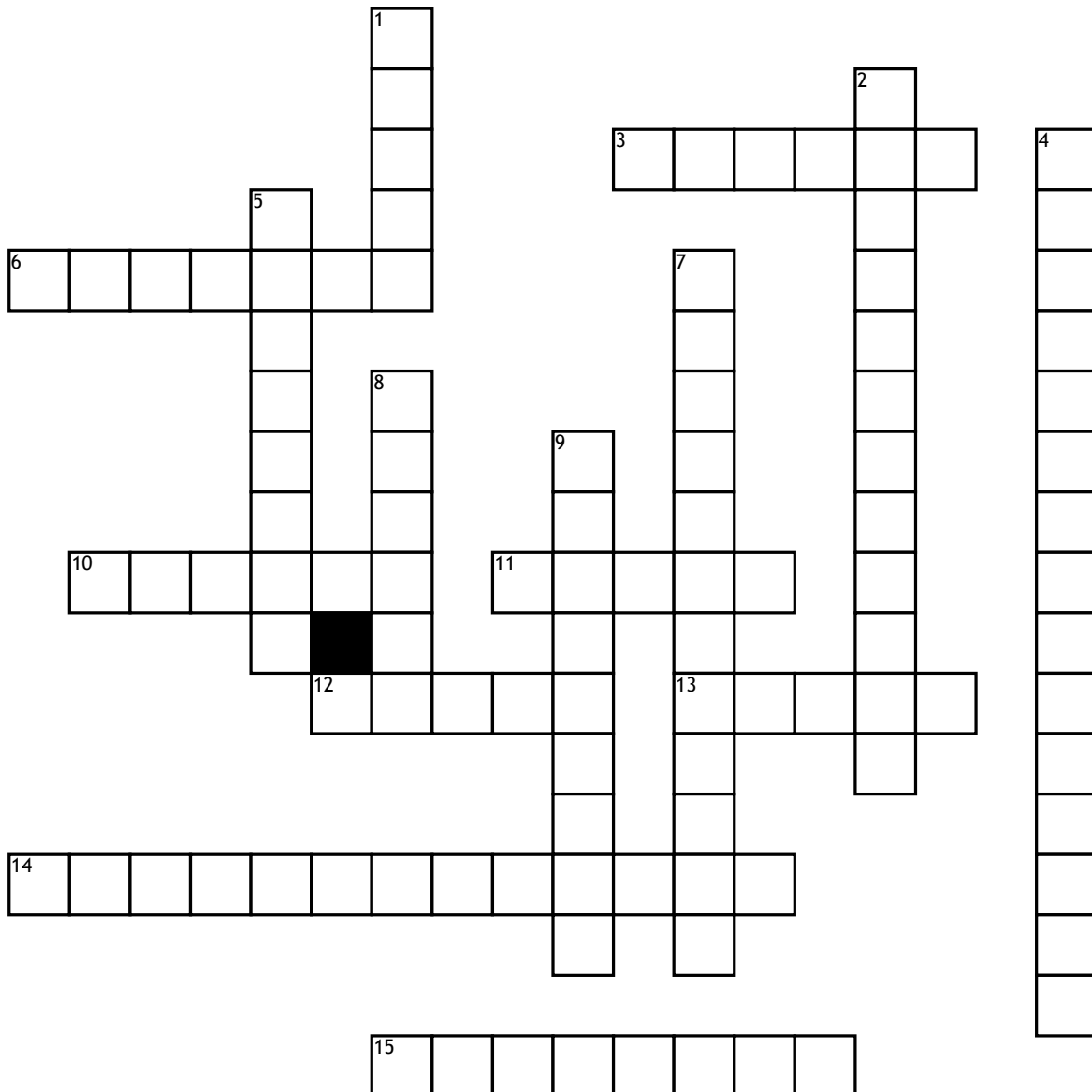


Bill of Rights



Across

3. Public or Private? A person accused of a crime must have a prompt, _____ trial by an open-minded jury.

6. Amendment that directly applies only to federal courts; rights in civil cases

10. Amendment I: Freedom of Religion, _____, and the press; Rights of Assembly and Petition

11. T/F The sixth Amendment states that if a criminal defendant is unable to afford a lawyer, they can not have one.

12. Which Amendment grew directly out of an old complaint against the British, who had forced people to take soldiers into their homes?

13. Amendment adopted to prevent incorrect interpretation that other rights not listed in the Bill of Rights were not protected

14. The fourth Amendment requires, in most cases, that authorities first obtain a _____ from a judge before searching, seizing goods, or arresting people.

15. The tenth Amendment was adopted to reassure people that the _____ government would not replace the states' governments.

Down

1. A capital crime is one punishable by _____.

2. first ten Amendments of the Constitution

4. What right does Amendment II protect?

5. The fifth Amendment guarantees that no one has to stand trial for a crime unless he or she has been _____, or accused, by a grand jury.

7. An infamous crime is one punishable by death or _____.

8. Amendment that addresses bails, fines, and punishments

9. A special panel selected to decide whether there is enough evidence against a person to hold a trial