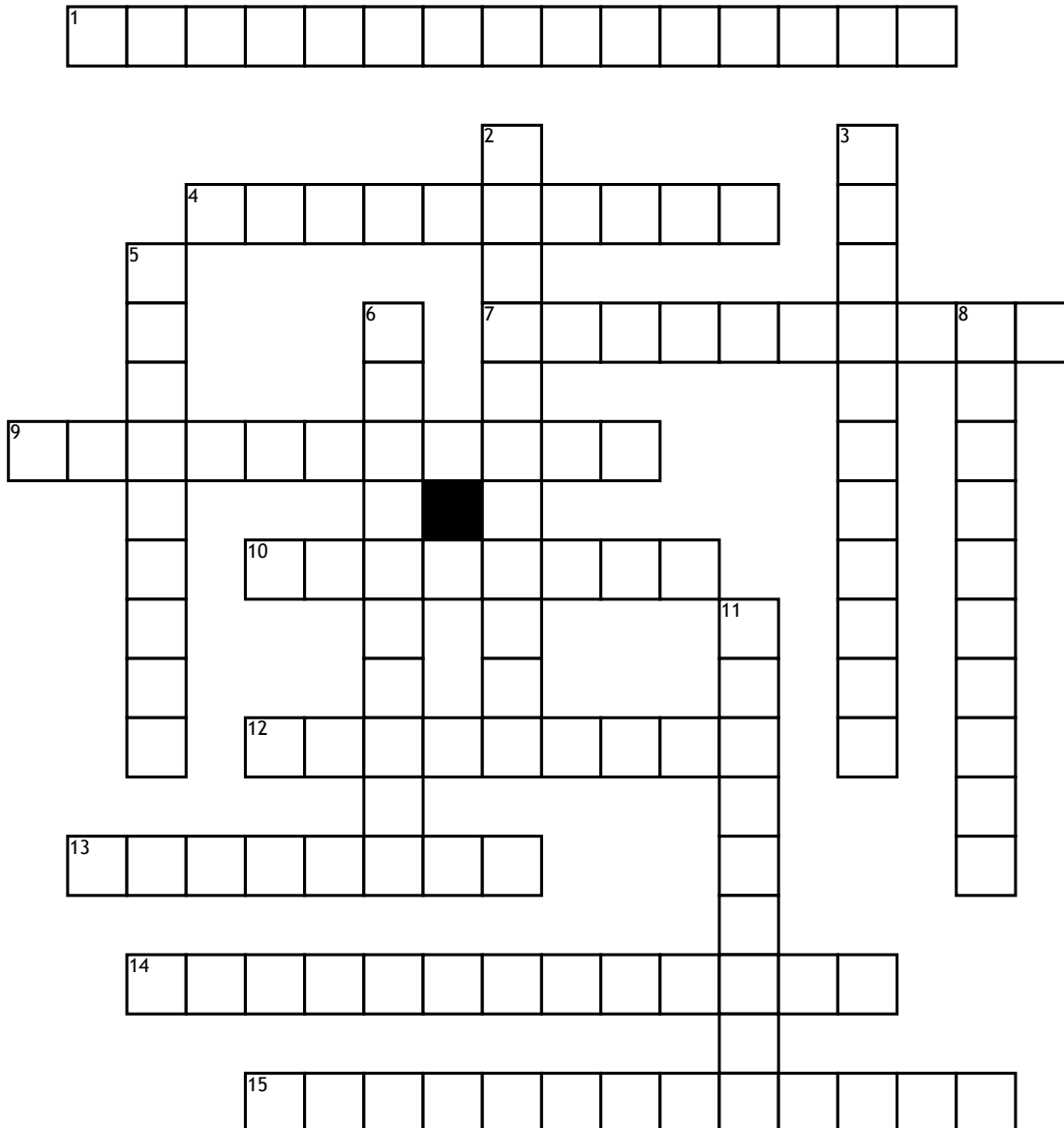


Name: _____

Date: _____

BASES OF ECO AND EPIGENETICS



Across

- 1. Which antibiotics induce epigenetic changes in mammalian cells through iron chelation?
- 4. Who coined the term epigenetics?
- 7. Cellular differentiation is one example of an epigenetic change in type of organism?
- 9. What is the study of heritable phenotype changes that do not involve alterations in the DNA sequence?
- 10. Epigenetic alterations of DNA repair genes or cell cycle control genes are very frequent in which type of cancer?

- 12. Gene expression can be controlled through the action of which protein?
- 13. Repressor proteins attach to which region of the DNA?
- 14. Which type of differences can produce long-term epigenetic effects?
- 15. During which process totipotent stem cells become the various pluripotent cell lines of the embryo, which in turn become fully differentiated cells.

Down

- 2. The two forms of heritable information, namely genetic and epigenetic, are collectively denoted as dual _____?

- 3. The term epigenetic has been used to describe any modification in which regions?
- 5. The standard definition of epigenetics requires the alterations to be _____ either in the progeny of cells or of organisms.
- 6. Epigenetics can also be used to describe any heritable _____ change.
- 8. Epigenetics most often denotes changes that affect gene activity and _____?
- 11. Epigenetic research uses a wide range of techniques to understand the epigenetic phenomena, including _____ immunoprecipitation.