

# Anatomy & Physiology

1. Toward the front or abdominal surface of the body.
  2. Toward the back of the body.
  3. Toward the head.
  4. Away from the head.
  5. Nearer the midline of the body.
  6. Farther from the midline of the body.
  7. Nearer the attachment of an extremity to the trunk.
  8. Farther from the attachment of an extremity to the trunk.
  9. Toward or on the body surface.
  10. Away from the body surface.
  11. Pertaining to the outer boundary of body cavities.
  12. Pertaining to the internal organs.
  13. The study of the structures composing the human body and their interrelationships.
  14. Divide the body into left and right portions.
  15. Divides the body into anterior and posterior portions.
  16. Divides the body into superior and inferior portions.
  17. What contains the brain?
  18. What contains the spinal cord?
  19. What houses the lungs, heart, and other internal organs?
  20. Contains most of the internal organs.
  21. A thin, domeshaped sheet of muscle, that separates the thoracic and abdominopelvic cavities.
  22. Which cavity contains the heart?
  23. Which cavity contains the lungs?
- A. Proximal
  - B. Anterior (Ventral)
  - C. Abdominopelvic Cavity
  - D. Pelvic cavity
  - E. Superior (Cephalic)
  - F. Distal
  - G. External (Superficial)
  - H. Vertebral Cavity
  - I. Pericardial Cavity
  - J. Midsagittal
  - K. Transverse
  - L. Cranial Cavity
  - M. Diaphragm
  - N. Thoracic Cavity
  - O. Frontal (Coronal)
  - P. Lateral
  - Q. Posterior (dorsal)
  - R. Human Anatomy
  - S. Medial
  - T. Abdominal Cavity
  - U. Inferior (caudal)
  - V. Parietal
  - W. Visceral

24. Which cavity contains the stomach, intestines, liver, gall bladder, pancreas, spleen and kidneys?

X. Pleural Cavity

25. Contains the urinary bladder, sigmoid colon and rectum.

Y. Internal (Deep)