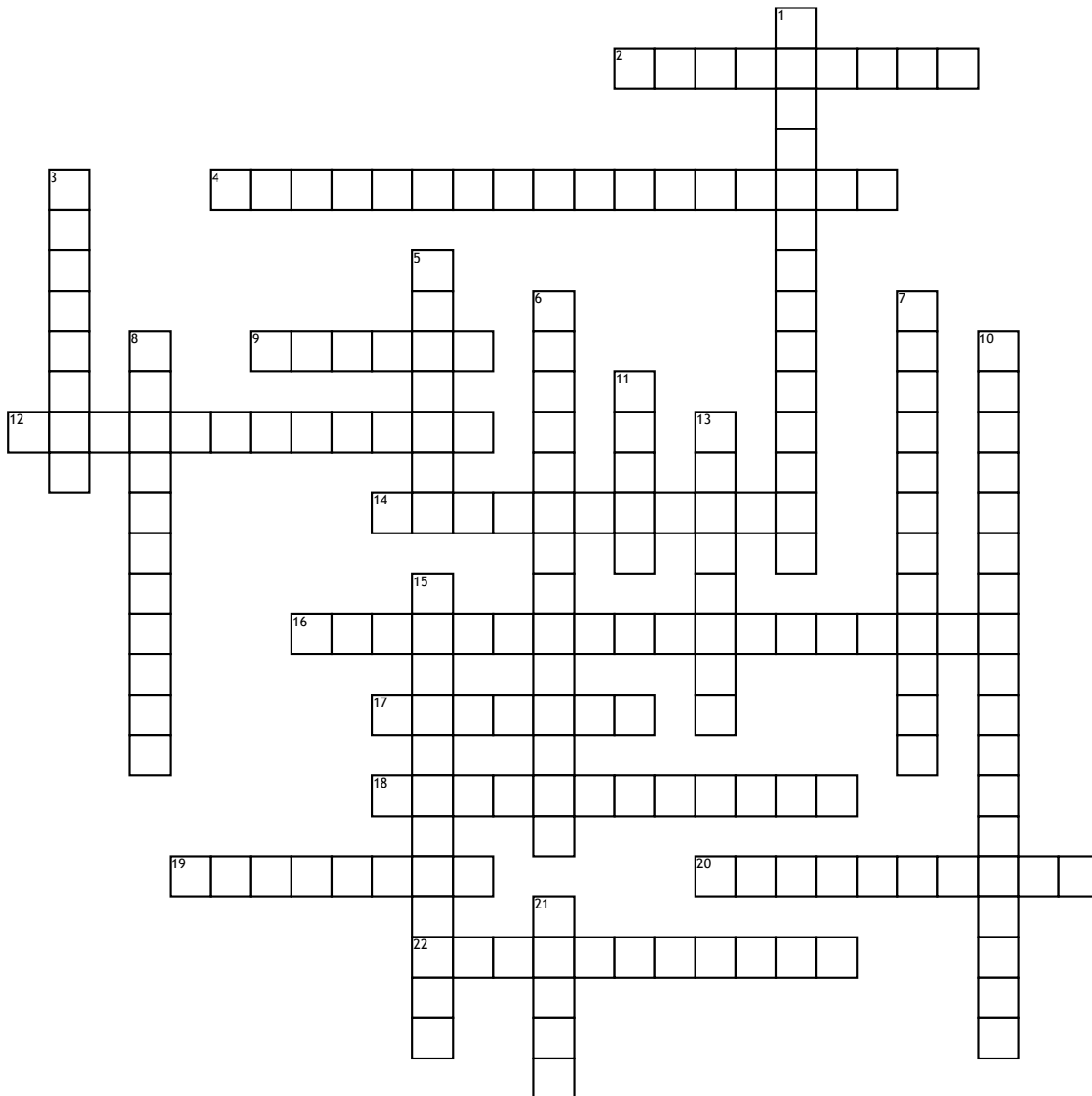


American Government Ch. 5 (Civics)



Across

2. branch of government that enforces laws
 4. the principle that limits any single branch from becoming too powerful
 9. A _____ constructionist relies on a close adherence to the text of the Constitution
 12. 2+ political parties, each with its own platform and representatives (e.g. Republican and Democrat)
 14. branch of government that makes laws
 16. the Founders divided national power into three distinct branches
 17. the government's power are _____ to the ones the people have given it through law
 18. the first 10 amendments

19. The first phase in the amendment making process
 20. the division of power between national and state level of government
 22. the ability to charge the president with misconduct in office

Down

1. supreme court's power to determine the constitutionality of laws passed by congress and actions taken by the President
 3. branch of government that interprets laws
 5. Since the inception of the Constitution, our Country has seen a _____ in state power
 6. the idea that we directly elect people to run our government, giving people a voice on a national level

7. What is the obvious disadvantage of having three branches of government that level each other out?
 8. With what three words, does the preamble to the Constitution open with?
 10. the people are the ultimate source of their government's authority
 11. A _____ constructionist interprets the Constitution more flexibly, reading into it things that the text does not explicitly say.
 13. one branch can purposely halt the political process, creating _____
 15. the second phase in the amendment making process
 21. Which amendment provides the clearest definition of federalism