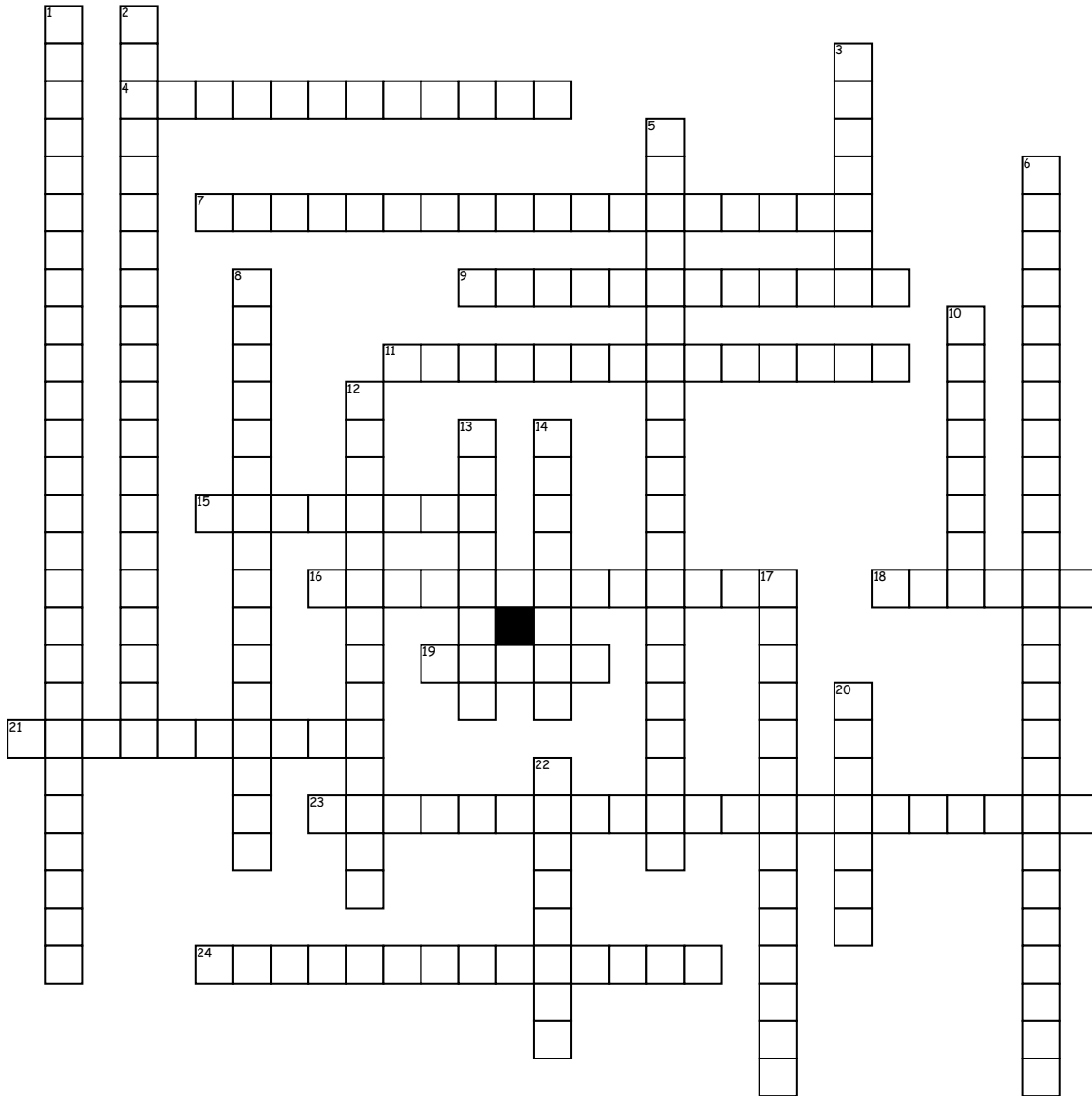


APHG Language and Religion



Across

- 4. A Language mutually understood and commonly used in trade by people who have different native languages
- 7. Language used daily for face-to-face communication, includes a standard written expression, but not used by people all the time
- 9. religion based on the teachings of Jesus. According to Christian teaching, Jesus is the son of God, placed on Earth to teach people how to live according to God's plan
- 11. A collection of languages related to each other through a common ancestor long before recorded history
- 15. a system of beliefs and practices that attempts to order life in terms of culturally perceived ultimate priorities
- 16. A Collection of languages within a branch that share a common origin in the relatively recent past and display relatively few differences in grammar and vocabulary.
- 18. a mother tongue formed from the contact of two languages through an earlier pidgin stage

- 19. Muhammad received the truth directly from Allah in a series of revelations during which Muhammad spoke the verses of the Qu'ran
 - 21. Using a language or dialect native to a region or country rather than a literary, cultured, or foreign language.
 - 23. Professional language (not slang)
 - 24. a religion that is particular to one, culturally distinct, group of people.
- Down**
- 1. Largest language family that includes English and most other languages in the Western Hemisphere.
 - 2. belief system in which multiple deities are revered as creators and arbiters of all that exists in the universe
 - 3. A particular form of a language that is particular to a specific region or social group.
 - 5. belief system in which one supreme being is revered as creator and arbiter of all that exists in the universe
 - 6. 2nd largest language family. Includes Madarin, Thai, Cantonese and Burmese

- 8. a natural language with no demonstrable genealogical (or "genetic") relationship with other languages
- 10. The method of human communication, either spoken or written, consisting of the use of words in a structured and conventional way.
- 12. A Subsection of a Language Family.
- 13. one of the oldest religions in the modern world, it does not have a single founder, a single theology, or agreement on its origins.
- 14. A written character symbolizing the idea of a thing without indicating the sounds used to say it.
- 17. A Form of speech that adopts a simplified grammar and limited vocabulary of a lingua franca, used for communications among speakers of two different languages.
- 20. religion with its roots in the teachings of Abraham (from Ur), who is credit with uniting his people to worship only one God.
- 22. religion founded in the sixth century BCE and characterized by the belief that enlightenment would come through knowledge, especially self-knowledge; elimination of greed, craving, and desire; complete honesty; and never hurting another person or animal.