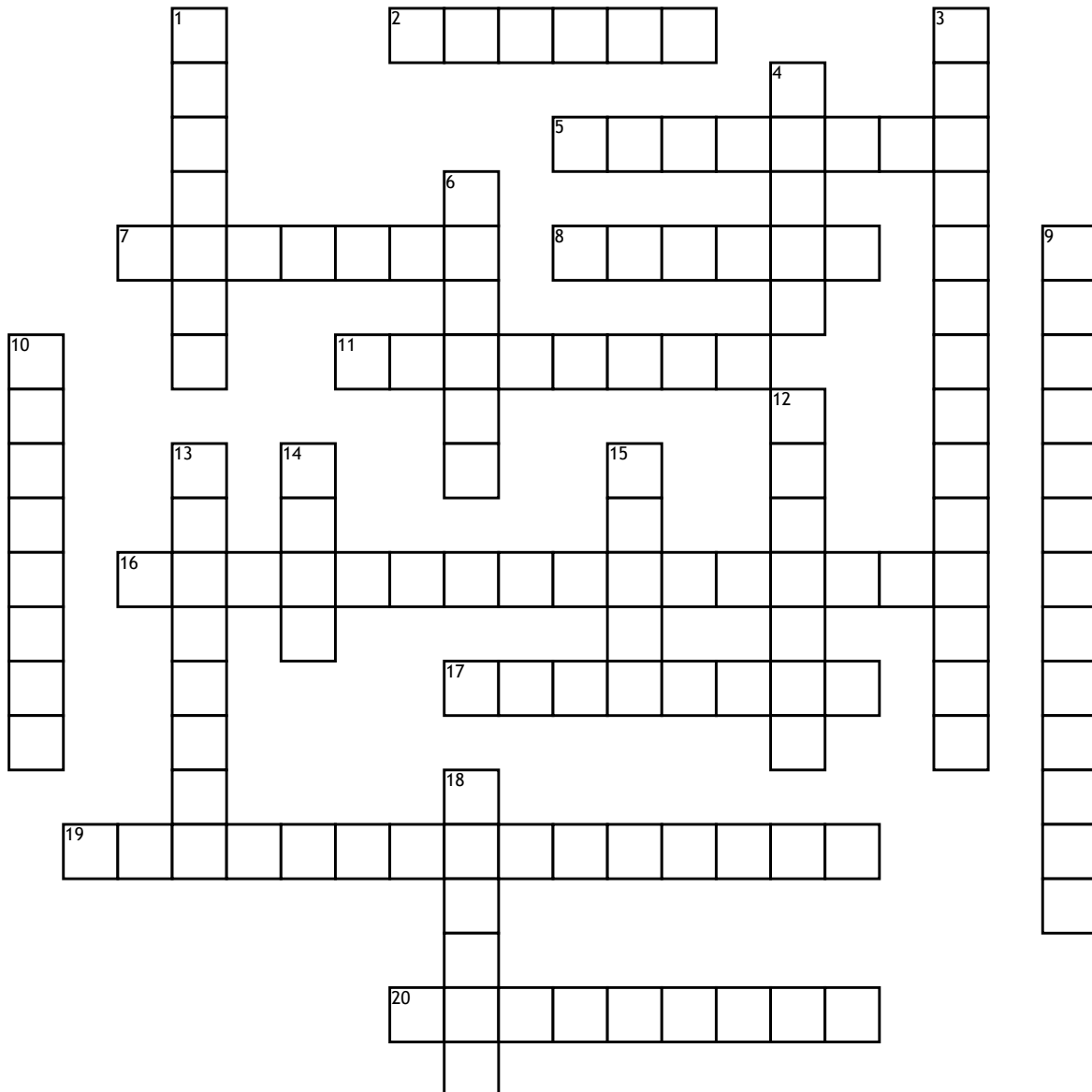


# ANSC 102 Review



**Across**

- 2. The \_\_\_\_\_ canal is the main barrier against infection
- 5. The compartment of a ruminant's stomach that most resembles a true gastric stomach is the \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. What are the milk producing cells of the udder known as?
- 8. There is no \_\_\_\_\_ in the rumen
- 11. The developing ovum, fluid, and surrounding cells is known as a \_\_\_\_\_
- 16. This is primarily leukocytes and the measurement is used as an indicator of mastitis
- 17. The type of immunity where exposure results in immunological memory is \_\_\_\_\_

- 19. \_\_\_\_\_ is recommended in concentration greater than 4-5ppm in order to support fish growth

20. Risk \_\_\_\_\_ is a biocontainment principle

**Down**

- 1. The type of uterus in humans and primates that includes a prominent uterine body with no uterine horns is \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. The first step in harvesting meat is \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Fat, proteins, lactose, vitamins/minerals, and what else are main components of milk?
- 6. What vaccine is typically safe in pregnant animals?
- 9. The term used to describe the nutritional value of meat is \_\_\_\_\_
- 10. Inflammation of the mammary gland is known as what?

- 12. What is a common metabolic disease?
- 13. What term is used to describe meat birds?
- 14. What injury location almost always leads to mastitis?
- 15. This term is used to describe abdominal pain in horses
- 18. The smaller dairy breed, recognized for their brown hair, big eyes, and high butter fat content in their milk is \_\_\_\_\_