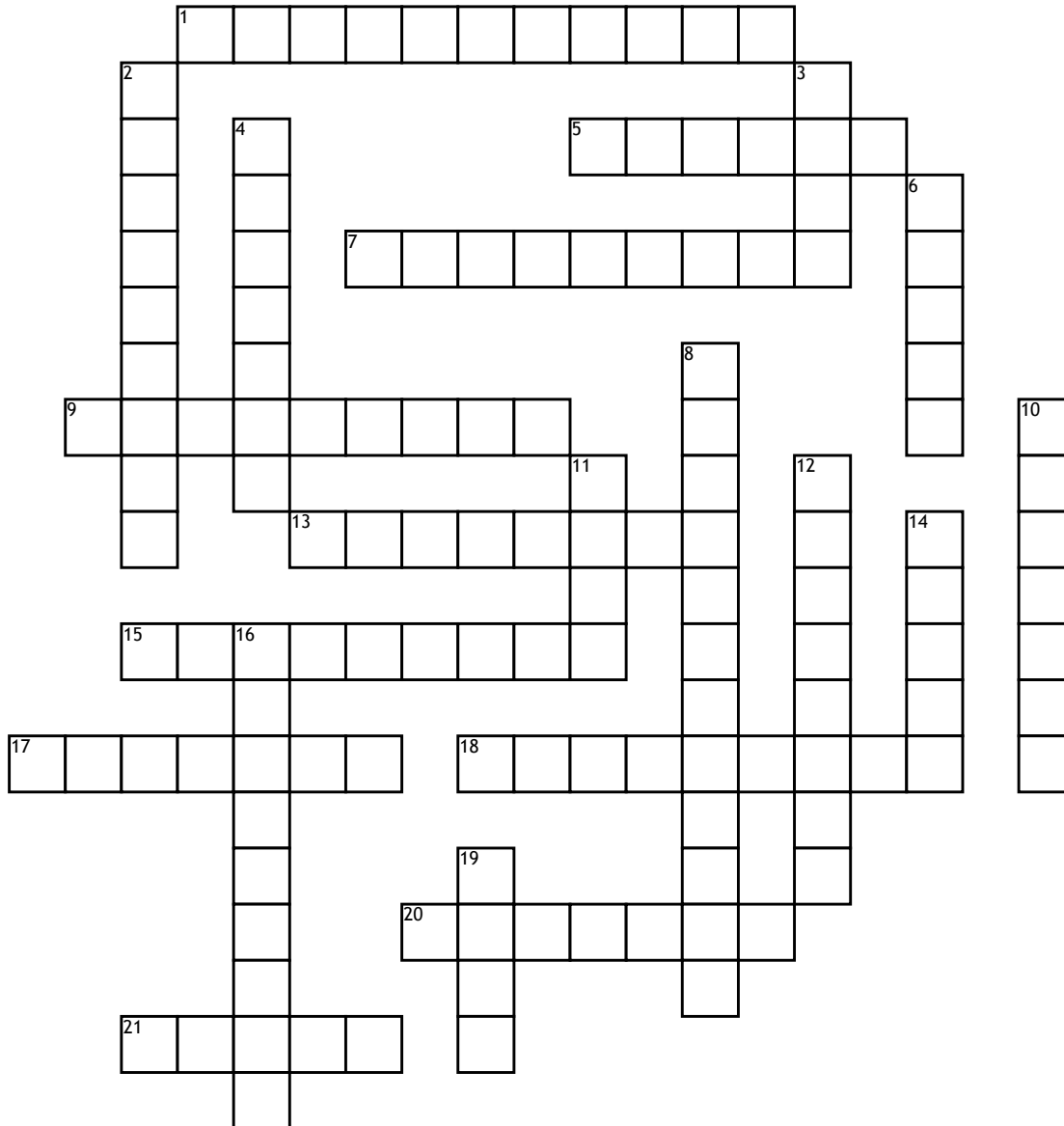


10 Legal Studies (end Unit 1)



Across

1. Member of Parliament who does not belong to any party.
5. Minimum number of Members that must be present in the Chamber for parliamentary business to be conducted.
7. Government by the people.
9. Person in a civil or criminal action who is brought to trial by the actions of the plaintiff or prosecutor.
13. Method people use to select their representatives.
15. A parliament with 2 houses, Upper and Lower.
17. Printed record of the proceedings in Parliament.
18. Person in a civil action who has been wronged.

20. Meeting room in which Members of the Legislative Assembly meet and participate in debates

21. Term for British Monarch who is represented in the Queensland Parliament by the Governor.

Down

2. Legal decision which sets a pattern for future similar cases.
3. Panel of ordinary people who hear the evidence presented in a trial and deliver a verdict based on the evidence.
4. Leader of the governing party in each state.
6. Another name for tort law.
8. Members of the Ministry or Opposition Shadow Ministry who occupy the front seats in the Chamber.

10. Judgement or decision made by a jury.

11. Proposal for a new law, presented to Parliament in draft form.

12. Formal vote in Parliament heralded by the ringing of the bells.

14. Ceremonial staff representing the authority of the Speaker

16. Combining of two or more parties in the Parliament to act as a Government or opposition.

19. Member of Parliament who is responsible for organising members of his/her political party to take part in debates and votes. They count votes in a division.